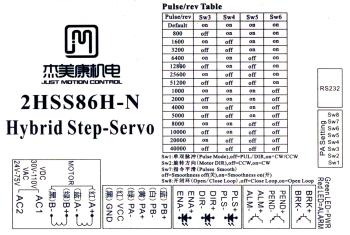
2HSS86H-N

8A 80VAC

Closed Loop Stepping System

The HSS86H-N hybrid stepper servo drive system integrates the servo control technology into the digital stepper drive perfectly. And this product adopts an optical encoder with high speed position sampling feedback of $50\mu s$, once the position deviation appears, it will be fixed immediately. This product is compatible the advantages of the stepper drive and the servo drive, such as lower heat, less vibration, fast acceleration, and so on. T his kind of servo drive also has an excellent cost performance .



- Without losing step, High accuracy in positioning
- 100% rated output torque
- Variable current control technology, High current efficiency
- Small vibration, Smooth and reliable moving at low speed
- Accelerate and decelerate control inside, Great improvement in smoothness of starting or stopping the motor
- User-defined micro steps
- Compatible with 1000 and 2500 lines encoder
- No adjustment in general applications
- Over current, over voltage and over position error protection
- Green light means running while red light means protection or off line

Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Input Voltage(DC)	30	-	110	VDC
Input Voltage(AC)	24	-	80	VAC
Output Current	0	-	8.0	A
Pulse Signal Frequency	0	-	200	kHz
Logic Signal Current	7	10	16	mA
Insulation resistance	500	-	-	$m\Omega$
Encoder current providing	-	-	50	mA

Micro steps Setting

The micro steps setting is in the following table, while SW3, SW4, SW5, SW6 are all on, the internal default micro steps inside is activate, this ratio can be setting through the HISU.

Pulse/rev	Sw3	Sw4	Sw5	Sw6
Default	on	on	on	on
800	off	on	on	on
1600	on	off	on	on
3200	off	off	on	on
6400	on	on	off	on
12800	off	on	off	on
25600	on	off	off	on
51200	off	off	off	on
1000	on	on	on	off
2000	off	on	on	off
4000	on	off	on	off
5000	off	off	on	off
8000	on	on	off	off
10000	off	on	off	off
20000	on	off	off	off
40000	off	off	off	off

Sw1:单双脉冲(Pulse Mode),off=PUL/DIR,on=CW/CCW Sw2:旋转方向(Motor DIR),off=CCW,on=CW Sw7:指令平滑(Pulses Smooth) off=Smoothness off(关),on=Smoothness on(开) Sw8:开闭环(Open/Close Loop),off=Close Loop,on=Open Loop

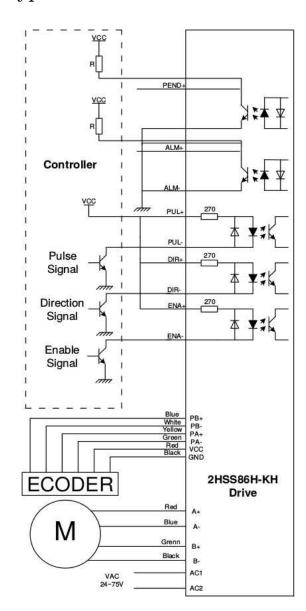
SW1 is used for setting the activate edge of the input signal, "off" means the activate edge is the rising edge, while "on" is the falling edge.

SW2 is used for setting the running direction, "off" means CCW, while "on" means CW.

SW7 is used to turn smoothness on or off

SW8 allows you to disable motor encoder support. With Open Loop you can control a normal stepper motor w/o encoder.

Typical Connection



Output Alarm Signal

Pend+ OC output, Normally open, positive

Pend- OC output, Normally open, negative

ALM+ OC output, Normally closed, positiv

ALM- OC output, Normally closed, negative

ALM load current $\leq 50mA$

Power and Motor Connector

A+ Motor Phase A+(Blue)

A- Motor Phase A- (Yellow)

B+ Motor Phase B+ (Black)

B- Motor Phase B- (Red)

AC Power Supply Input

AC Power Supply Input

Brake control

BRK+/BRK- Colector/Emiter

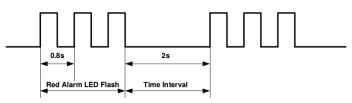
Encoder

PB+/PB- Encoder phase B

PA+/PA- Encoder phase A

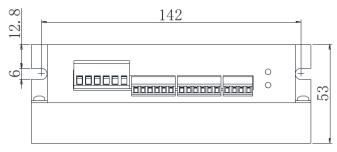
VCC/GND +5V powering of motor encoder

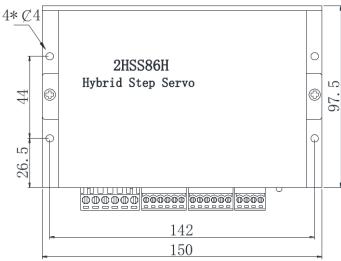
Faults alarm and LED flicker frequency



blink	Description to the Faults			
1	Error occurs when the motor coil			
	current exceeds the drive's current			
	limit.			
2	Voltage reference error in the drive			
3	Parameters upload error in the drive			
4	Error occurs when the input voltage			
	exceeds the drive's voltage limit			
5	Error occurs when the actual position			
	following error exceeds the limit which			
	is set by the position error limit			

Mechanical Specifications





Parameter Setting

The parameter setting method of 2HSS86H drive is to use a HISU adjuster through the 232 serial communication ports, only in this way can we setting the parameters we want. There are a set of best default parameters to the corresponding motor which are carefully adjusted by our engineers, users only need refer to the following table, specific condition and set the correct parameters.

Actual value = Set value \times the corresponding dimension

Mode	Definition	Range	Dime-	Drive	Default
				Restart	Value
			nsion		
P1	Current	0 -	1	N	1000
	loop K_p	4000			
P2	Current	0 -	1	N	100
	loop K_i	1000			
P3	Damping	0 -	1	N	100
	coefficient	1000			
P4	Position	0 -	1	N	1300
	loop K_p	4000			
P5	Position	0 -	1	N	250
	loop K_i	1000			
P6	Speed loop	0 –	1	N	50
	K_p	3000			
P7	Speed loop	0 – 1		N	10
	K_i	1000			
P8	Open loop	0 - 60	0.1	N	45
	current				
P9	Close loop	0 - 40	0.1	N	20
	current				
P10	Alarm level	0 - 1	1	N	0
P11	Reserved				
P12	Stop lock	0 - 1 1		N	0
	enable				
P13	Enable	0 - 1	1	N	0
	signal level				
P14	Arrival level	0 - 1	1	N	0
P15	Encoder	0 - 1 1		Y	0
	line number				
P16	Position	0 -	10	N	1000
	error limit	3000			
P17	Reserved				
P18	Motor type	0 - 5	0	Y	4
P19	Speed	0 - 10 1		N	0
	smoothness				
P20	User-defined	4 –	50	Y	8
	p/r	1000			

There are total 20 parameter configurations, use the HISU to download the configured parameters to the drive, the detail descriptions to every parameter configuration are as follows:

P1 Current loop K_p Proportional Gain Increase K_p to make current rise fast. Proportional Gain determines the response of the drive

to setting command. Low Proportional Gain provides a stable system (doesn't oscillate), has low stiffness, and the current error, causing poor performances in tracking current setting command in each step. Too large proportional gain values will cause oscillations and unstable system.

P2 Current loop K_i Integral Gain Adjust K_i to reduce the steady error. Integral Gain helps the drive to overcome static current errors. A low or zero value for Integral Gain may have current errors at rest. Increasing the integral gain can reduce the error. If the Integral Gain is too large, the system may "hunt" (oscillate) around the desired position.

P3 Damping coefficient This parameter is used to change the damping coefficient in case of the desired operating state is under resonance frequency.

P4 Position loop K_p & **P5** K_i The PI parameters of the position loop. The default values are suitable for most of the application, you don't need to change them. Contact us if you have any question.

P6 Speed loop Kp & **P7** Ki The PI parameters of the speed loop. The default values are suitable for most of the application, you don't need to change them. Contact us if you have any question.

P8 Open loop current This parameter affects the static torque of the motor.

P9 Close loop This parameter affects the dynamic torque of the motor. (The actual current = open loop current + close loop current)

P10 Alarm Control This parameter is set to control the Alarm optocoupler output transistor. 0 means the transistor is cut off when the system is in normal working, but when it comes to fault of the drive, the transistor becomes conductive. 1 means opposite to 0.

P12 Stop lock enable This parameter is set to enable the stop clock of the drive. 1 means enable this function while 0 means disable it.

P13 Enable Control This parameter is set to control the Enable input signal level, 0 means low, while 1 means high.

P14 Arrival Control This parameter is set to control the Arrival optocoupler output transistor. 0 means the transistor is cut off when the drive satisfies the arrival command, but when it comes to not, the transistor becomes conductive. 1 means opposite to 0.

P15 Encoder resolution This drive provides two choices of the number of lines of the encoder. 0 means 1000 lines, while 1 means 2500 lines.

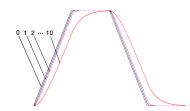
P16 Position error limit The limit of the position following error. When the actual position error exceeds this value, the drive will go into error mode and the fault output will be activated. (The actual value = the set value \times 10)

P18 Motor type

P18	1	2	3	4	5
torque [Nm]	3.5	4.5	6.8	8.5	12
current [A]	2.8	5.0	5.5	6.0	6.0
inductance [mH]	1.7	3.9	4.1	5.4	5.5

• Default Value = "4" means 6A motor.

P19 Speed smoothness This parameter is set to control the smoothness of the speed of the motor while acceleration or deceleration, the larger the value, the smoother the speed in acceleration or deceleration.



P20 User-defined p/r This parameter is set of user-defined pulse per revolution, the internal default micro steps inside is activate while SW3, SW4, SW5, SW6 are all on, users can also set the micro steps by the outer DIP switches. (The actual micro steps = the set value \times 50)

Processing Methods to Common Problems and

Faults

Power on power light off

• No power input, please check the power supply circuit. The voltage is too low.

Power on red alarm light on

- Please check the motor feedback signal and if the motor is connected with the drive.
- The stepper servo drive is over voltage or under voltage. Please lower or increase the input voltage.

Red alarm light on after the motor running a small angle

• Please check the motor phase wires if they are connected correctly.